

On connections between mixed-integer rounding and superadditive lifting

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Joint work with Oktay Günlük

Mixed integer rounding

Single integer variable

Multiple integer variables

Superadditive lifting

Lifting MIR

MIR lifting

Incorporating bounds into MIR

Lower bounds

Upper bounds

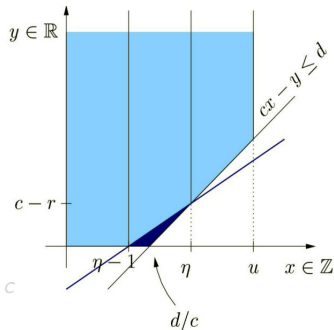
Example

Summary

MIXED INTEGER ROUNDING

$$cx \leq d + y \quad (c > 0)$$

$$x \in \mathbb{Z}, y \in \mathbb{R}_+$$



$$\eta = \lceil d/c \rceil \text{ and } r = d - \lfloor d/c \rfloor c$$

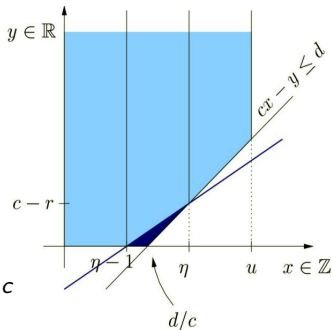
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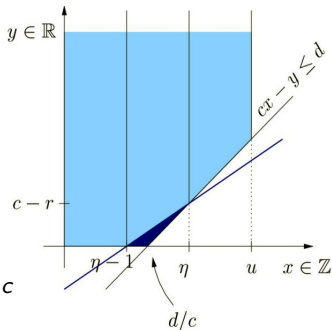
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MIR inequality $(c - r)x - y \leq (c - r)(\eta - 1) = d - \eta r$ cuts off $(d/c, 0)$

$$\sum_{i \in I} a_i x_i \leq b + t, \quad x, t \geq 0$$

MIR:

$$\sum_{i \in I} [(1 - f)[a_i] + (f_i - f)^+] x_i \leq (1 - f)[b] + t = b - [b]f + t$$

$$f_i = a_i - [a_i], \quad f = b - [b]$$

Scale $1/\alpha$ & MIR:

$$\sum_{i \in I} [(\alpha - r)[a_i/\alpha] + (r_i - r)^+] x_i \leq (\alpha - r)(\eta - 1) + t = b - \eta r + t$$

$$r_i = a_i - \alpha [a_i/\alpha], \quad r = b - \alpha [b/\alpha], \quad \eta = [b/\alpha]$$

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$$\sum_{i \in I} [(1 - f) \lfloor a_i \rfloor + (f_i - f)^+] x_i \leq (1 - f) \lfloor b \rfloor + t = b - \lfloor b \rfloor f + t$$

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$$r_i = a_i - \alpha \lfloor a_i / \alpha \rfloor, \quad r = b - \alpha \lfloor b / \alpha \rfloor, \quad \eta = \lceil b / \alpha \rceil$$

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$$s + \sum_{i \in I} a_i x_i \geq b, \quad x, s \geq 0$$

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SUPERADDITIVE LIFTING FOR MIP

$$P(b) = \{x : Ax \leq b\}, \quad x = (x_R, x_L, x_U), \quad x_L \in \mathbb{Z}^L, \quad x_U \in \mathbb{Z}^U$$

$$d = b - A_L l_L - A_U u_U$$

Consider $P_R(d) = \{x_R : A_R x_R \leq d\}$ and a tight valid inequality

$$\pi_R x_R \leq \pi_o \quad \text{for } P_R(d)$$

Value function: $v(h) = \max\{\pi_R x_R : x_R \in P_R(h)\}.$

Lifting function: $\Phi(a) = \pi_o - v(d - a)$

Theorem (A'01): If ϕ is superadditive and $\phi \leq \Phi$ then

$$\pi_R x_R + \sum_{i \in L} \phi(A_i)(x_i - l_i) + \sum_{i \in U} \phi(-A_i)(u_i - x_i) \leq \pi_o$$

is valid for $P(b)$. It is facet-defining for $\text{conv}(P(b))$ if $\phi = \Phi$ and $\pi_R x_R \leq \pi_o$ is facet-defining for $\text{conv}(P_R(d))$.

(Wolsey'78 - 0/1, Gu et al.'00: Mixed 0/1)

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Lifting function of MIR inequality $(c - r)x - y \leq d - \eta r$

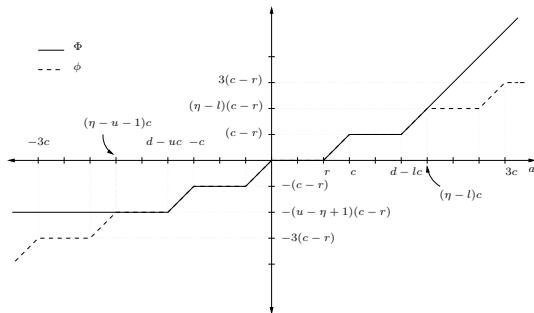
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$$\Phi(a) = \begin{cases} (\eta - u - 1)(c - r) & \text{if } a < d - uc \\ k(c - r) & \text{if } kc \leq a < kc + r \\ a - (k + 1)r & \text{if } kc + r \leq a < (k + 1)c \\ a - (\eta - l)r & \text{if } a \geq d - lc \end{cases} \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

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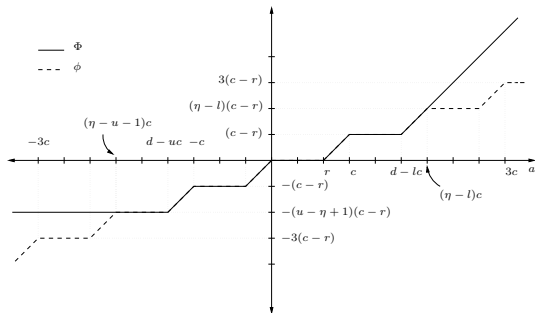
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$$(c-r)x - y \leq d - \eta r \quad \rightarrow \quad (c-r)x + \sum_{i \in I: a_i > 0} \Phi(a_i)x_i \leq d - \eta r$$

$$\Omega(a) = d - \eta r - \max \left\{ (c-r)x + \sum_{i \in I: a_i > 0} \Phi(a_i)x_i : cx + \sum_{i \in I: a_i > 0} a_i x_i - y \leq d - a \right\}$$

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where $k \in \{0, 1, \dots, \eta - 1\}$ and $p \in \mathbb{Z}_+$

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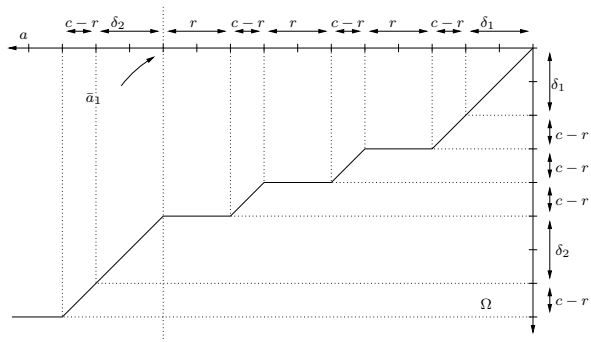
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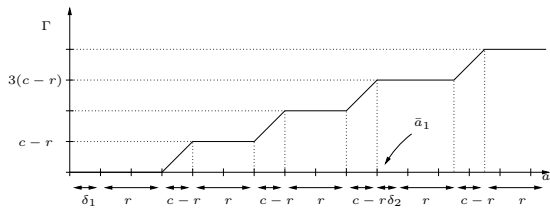
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EXPERIMENTS WITH LOWER-BOUNDED VARIABLES

$ I : C : R $	CPLEX7.5				MIR cuts				Lifted cuts						
	cuts	gap	imp	nodes	time	cuts	gap	imp	nodes	time	cuts	gap	imp	nodes	time
250:1:50	111	67	68611	42	99	79	4416	4	101	83	1612	2			
500:1:50	50	47	83061	63	99	77	6777	8	101	80	2929	4			
250:1:75	177	56	196053	98	147	76	199883	183	153	79	40014	32			
500:1:75	178	55	113745	92	147	75	176551	221	153	77	69242	79			
250:1:100	220	71	251725	184	170	74	500125	417	204	75	226633	166			
500:1:100	225	71	208047	283	196	73	256791	391	204	76	134211	187			

EXPERIMENTS WITH LOWER-AND-UPPER BOUNDED VARIABLES

$ I : C : R $	CPLEX7.5				MIR cuts				Lifted cuts						
	cuts	gap	imp	nodes	time	cuts	gap	imp	nodes	time	cuts	gap	imp	nodes	time
250:5:50	95	68	151252	63	213	79	7538	7	199	84	1070	2			
500:5:50	50	42	128830	76	201	78	5045	7	206	83	1359	4			
250:5:75	121	60	293392	144	408	77	86952	114	389	81	34412	38			
500:5:75	122	59	207083	148	467	76	107139	213	440	80	17009	33			
250:5:100	183	65	334504	203	691	80	179059	418	588	84	19257	29			
500:5:100	130	68	305987	280	664	77	174394	446	613	81	33292	78			
250:10:50	100	68	142438	67	245	77	15892	15	228	82	2443	3			
500:10:50	50	38	166758	111	198	74	43397	46	235	80	2696	6			
250:10:75	130	63	615537	370	474	75	213042	370	406	78	27591	38			
500:10:75	105	61	228484	182	452	73	238559	519	477	78	33170	79			
250:10:100	170	72	439032	361	777	75	301035	920	731	80	16689	55			
500:10:100	136	72	302262	317	776	79	193303	489	678	81	18722	64			
250:20:50	80	68	122693	73	228	76	186723	206	280	80	3247	6			
500:20:50	48	45	131422	75	241	72	79649	101	252	79	3895	9			
250:20:75	115	69	283218	176	416	73	424453	769	418	79	12852	22			
500:20:75	118	69	390818	361	495	70	355781	779	479	78	20645	60			
250:20:100	146	74	642986	531	849	70	383760	1594	656	79	26496	93			
500:20:100	122	70	340536	434	702	71	305311	972	632	80	23930	88			

" \geq " form $s + \sum_{i \in I} a_i x_i \geq b$

Scale by $1/\alpha$ & MIR: $s + \sum_{i \in I} \mu_\alpha(a_i) x_i \geq \mu_\alpha(b)$

where $\mu_\alpha(a_i) = r \lceil a_i / \alpha \rceil - (r - r_i)^+$ and $r = b - \alpha \lfloor b / \alpha \rfloor$

" \leq " form $\sum_{i \in I} a_i x_i \leq b + t$

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MIR LIFTING

Complement, scale & MIR (Marchand & Wolsey '01)

$$\sum_{i \in I} a_i x_i \leq b + s, \quad x \in \{0, 1\}^I, \quad s \geq 0$$

For cover $C \subseteq I$ ie $\lambda := \sum_{i \in C} a_i - b > 0$, rewrite

$$s + \sum_{i \in C} a_i (1 - x_i) + \sum_{i \in I \setminus C} -a_i x_i \geq \lambda$$

Scale $1/(\bar{a} := \max_{i \in C} a_i)$ and MIR:

$$s + \sum_{i \in C} \min\{\lambda, a_i\} (1 - x_i) + \sum_{i \in I \setminus C} \mu_{\bar{a}} (-a_i) x_i \geq \lambda$$

Rewrite

$$\sum_{i \in C} \min\{\lambda, a_i\} (x_i - 1) + \sum_{i \in I \setminus C} -\mu_{\bar{a}} (-a_i) x_i \leq -\lambda$$

For minimal cover C

$$\sum_{i \in C} \lambda x_i + \sum_{i \in I \setminus C} -\mu_{\bar{a}} (-a_i) x_i \leq \lambda(|C| - 1)$$

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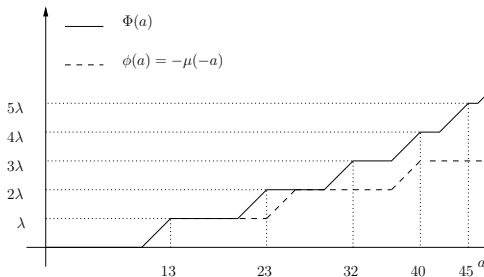
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For minimal cover C

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Example



$$13x_1 + 10x_2 + 9x_3 + 8x_4 + 5x_5 + ax_6 \leq 42 + s$$

$$C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$\lambda = 13 + 10 + 9 + 8 + 5 - 42 = 3$$

INCORPORATING LOWER BOUND INFORMATION INTO MIR

" \geq " form

Assumption: $0 < a_1 < b < a_2$

$$s + a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 \geq b, \quad s, x \geq 0$$

Scale $1/a_1$ & MIR:

$$s + rx_1 + r\lceil a_2/a_1 \rceil x_2 \geq r\lceil b/a_1 \rceil$$

where $r = b - a_1\lfloor b/a_1 \rfloor$

Coefficient improvement, scale $1/a_1$ & MIR:

$$s + a_1x_1 + bx_2 \geq b \quad (s, x, a_1 \geq 0)$$

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In general: $(a_i \geq 0, i \in I)$

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$$s + \sum_{i \in I} \mu_\alpha(a_i) x_i \geq \mu_\alpha(b)$$

Coefficient improvement, scale $1/\alpha$ & MIR:

$$s + \sum_{i \in I \setminus I^+} a_i x_i + \sum_{i \in I^+} b x_i \geq b$$

$$s + \sum_{i \in I \setminus I^+} \mu_\alpha(a_i) + \sum_{i \in I^+} \mu_\alpha(b) x_i \geq \mu_\alpha(b)$$

Same as lifted inequality (A'01) or two-step MIR inequality (Dash & Günlük'06)

$$s + \sum \Theta_\alpha(a_i) x_i \geq \Theta_\alpha(b)$$

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Scale $1/\alpha$ & MIR:

$$s + \sum_{i \in I} \mu_\alpha(a_i) x_i \geq \mu_\alpha(b)$$

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" \leq " form

Assumption : $0 < a_1 < b < a_2$

$$a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 \leq b + t, \quad t, x \geq 0$$

Scale $1/a_1$ & MIR:

$$(a_1 - r)x_1 + (a_2 - r\lceil a_2/a_1 \rceil)x_2 \leq b - r\lceil b/a_1 \rceil + t$$

Coefficient improvement, scale $1/a_1$ & MIR:

$$(a_1 - r)x_1 + (a_2 - r\lceil b/a_1 \rceil)x_2 \leq b - r\lceil b/a_1 \rceil + t$$

In general:

$$\sum_{i \in I^+} \phi_\alpha(a_i) + \sum_{i \in I^+} [a_i - b + \phi_\alpha(b)]x_i \leq \phi_\alpha(b) + t$$

Same as lifted inequality or two step MIR inequality

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$$s + a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 \geq b, \quad s, x \geq 0, \quad x_2 \leq u_2$$

Rewrite as

$$s + (a_1 + a_2u_2)x_1 + a_2(x_2 - u_2x_1) \geq b$$

Valid inequality

$$s + (a_1 + a_2u_2)x_1 + b(x_2 - u_2x_1) \geq b \quad (*)$$

$$s + (a_1 + (a_2 - b)u_2)x_1 + bx_2 \geq b$$

MIR ($\alpha = a_2$)

$$s + [b \lceil a_1/a_2 \rceil - (b - r_1)^+]x_1 + bx_2 \geq b$$

(*) dominates MIR if $u_2 < -a_1/a_2$

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Valid inequality

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MIR ($\alpha = a_2$)

$$s + [b\lceil a_1/a_2 \rceil - (b - r_1)^+]x_1 + bx_2 \geq b$$

(*) dominates MIR if $u_2 < -a_1/a_2$

Let $k = \min\{u_2, \lceil -a_1/a_2 \rceil\}$

$$s + (a_1 + a_2k)x_1 + a_2(x_2 - kx_1) \geq b$$

$$s + \min\{b, (a_1 + a_2k)\}x_1 + b(x_2 - kx_1) \geq b \quad (**) \text{ is valid}$$

If $a_1 + a_2k < b$, inequality

$$s/\alpha + (a_1 + a_2k)x_1/\alpha + \lceil b/\alpha \rceil(x_2 - kx_1) \geq b/\alpha$$

is valid for any α s.t. $a_2/\alpha > \lceil b/\alpha \rceil$

$$\text{MIR: } s + \mu_\alpha(a_1 + a_2k)x_1 + \mu_\alpha(b)(x_2 - kx_1) \geq \mu_\alpha(b)$$

$$s + [\mu_\alpha(a_1 + a_2k) - k\eta r]x_1 + \eta rx_2 \geq \eta r \quad (***)$$

Equivalent to superadditive lifting or if $k < u_2$ to two-step MIR inequality

Let $k = \min\{u_2, \lceil -a_1/a_2 \rceil\}$

$$s + (a_1 + a_2k)x_1 + a_2(x_2 - kx_1) \geq b$$

$$s + \min\{b, (a_1 + a_2k)\}x_1 + b(x_2 - kx_1) \geq b \quad (**) \text{ is valid}$$

If $a_1 + a_2k < b$, inequality

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Assumption : $a_1 < 0 < b < a_2$

$$a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 \leq b + t, \quad t, x \geq 0, \quad x_2 \leq u_2$$

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$$(a_1 - \mu_\alpha(a_1 + ka_2) + kr\lceil b/\alpha \rceil)x_1 + (a_2 - r\lceil b/\alpha \rceil)x_2 \leq b - r\lceil b/\alpha \rceil + t$$

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for any α st $\frac{\min_{i \in I^+} a_i}{\alpha} \geq [b/\alpha]$

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MIR lifting

$$\sum_{i=1}^5 3(1 - x_i) + \mu_{13}(-a)x_6 \geq 3$$

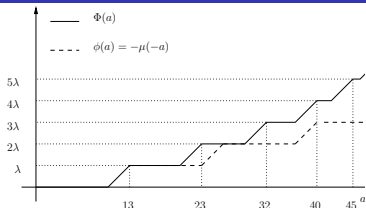
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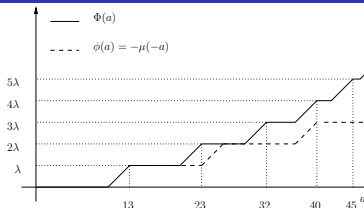
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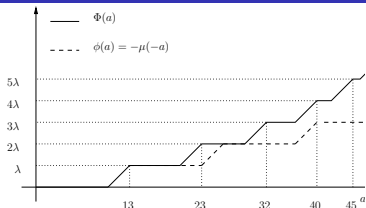
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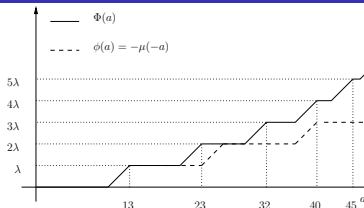
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